

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ $I(J^P) = 0(\frac{3}{2}^-)$ Status: ***

Seen in $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ but not in $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$ so this is indeed an excited Λ_c^+ rather than a Σ_c^+ . The spin-parity has not been measured but is expected to be $3/2^-$: this is presumably the charm counterpart of the strange $\Lambda(1520)$.

 $\Lambda_c(2625)^+ \text{ MASS}$

The mass is obtained from the $m_{\Lambda_c(2625)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+}$ mass-difference measurement below.

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
2626.6±0.8 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.2.		
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •				
2626.6±0.5±1.5	42	¹ ALBRECHT	93F ARG	See ALBRECHT 97

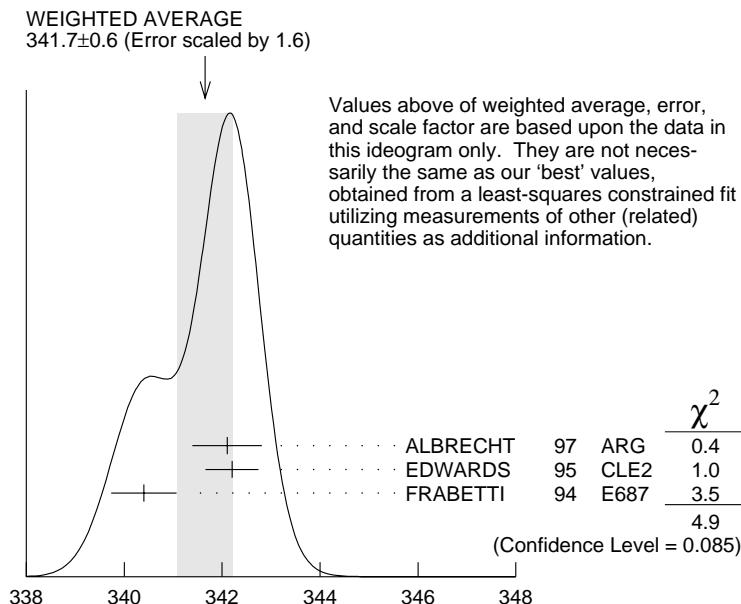
¹ ALBRECHT 93F claims a signal of 42.4 ± 8.8 events.

 $m_{\Lambda_c(2625)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+}$

VALUE (MeV)	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
341.7±0.6 OUR FIT		Error includes scale factor of 1.6.		
341.7±0.6 OUR AVERAGE		Error includes scale factor of 1.6. See the ideogram below.		
342.1±0.5±0.5	51	ALBRECHT	97 ARG	$e^+ e^- \approx 10$ GeV
342.2±0.2±0.5	245	² EDWARDS	95 CLE2	$e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV
340.4±0.6±0.3	40	³ FRABETTI	94 E687	$\gamma Be, \bar{E}_\gamma = 220$ GeV

² EDWARDS 95 claims a signal of 244.6 ± 19.0 events in $\Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$.

³ FRABETTI 94 claims a signal of 39.7 ± 8.7 events.



$$m_{\Lambda_c(2625)^+} - m_{\Lambda_c^+}$$

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ WIDTH

VALUE (MeV)	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT
<1.9	90	245	EDWARDS	95	CLE2 $e^+ e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV
• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •					
<3.2	90		ALBRECHT	93F	ARG $e^+ e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ DECAY MODES

$\Lambda_c^+ \pi \pi$ and its submode $\Sigma(2455)\pi$ are the only strong decays allowed to an excited Λ_c^+ having this mass.

Mode	Fraction (Γ_i/Γ)
$\Gamma_1 \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$	seen
$\Gamma_2 \Sigma_c(2455)^{++} \pi^-$	small
$\Gamma_3 \Sigma_c(2455)^0 \pi^+$	small
$\Gamma_4 \Lambda_c^+ \pi^+ \pi^-$ 3-body	large
$\Gamma_5 \Lambda_c^+ \pi^0$	not seen
$\Gamma_6 \Lambda_c^+ \gamma$	not seen

$\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ BRANCHING RATIOS

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_2/Γ_1
<0.08	90	EDWARDS 95	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV	

$$\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_3/Γ_1
<0.07	90	EDWARDS 95	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV	

$$[\Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^{++}\pi^-) + \Gamma(\Sigma_c(2455)^0\pi^+)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)] / \Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-) \quad (\Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3)/\Gamma_1$$

VALUE	CL%	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	$(\Gamma_2 + \Gamma_3)/\Gamma_1$
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

<0.36	90	FRABETTI 94	E687	γ Be, $\bar{E}_\gamma = 220$ GeV
0.46 ± 0.14	21	ALBRECHT 93F	ARG	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$

$$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^- \text{ 3-body})/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)$$

VALUE	EVTS	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_4/Γ_1
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• • • We do not use the following data for averages, fits, limits, etc. • • •

0.54 ± 0.14	16	ALBRECHT 93F	ARG	$e^+e^- \approx \Upsilon(4S)$
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$$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^0)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)$$

$\Lambda_c^+\pi^0$ decay is forbidden by isospin conservation if this state is in fact a Λ_c .

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_5/Γ_1
<0.91	90	EDWARDS 95	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV	

$$\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\gamma)/\Gamma(\Lambda_c^+\pi^+\pi^-)$$

VALUE	CL%	DOCUMENT ID	TECN	COMMENT	Γ_6/Γ_1
<0.52	90	EDWARDS 95	CLE2	$e^+e^- \approx 10.5$ GeV	

 $\Lambda_c(2625)^+$ REFERENCES

ALBRECHT 97	PL B402 207	+Hamacher, Hofmann+	(ARGUS Collab.)
EDWARDS 95	PRL 74 3331	+Ogg, Bellerive, Britton+	(CLEO Collab.)
FRAZETTI 94	PRL 72 961	+Cheung, Cumalat+	(FNAL E687 Collab.)
ALBRECHT 93F	PL B317 227	+Ehrlichmann, Hamacher+	(ARGUS Collab.)